Material Safety Data Sheet



SECTION I - PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

Product Name: Elasticote Chemical Family: Rubberized Roof Coating Product Number: 33305

Chemical Family Product Number		ized Roof Coating	g					
Telephone Number:		1 (800)255-3924 CHEM-TEL (813) 248-0573 "ONLY IN THE EVENT OF CHEMICAL EMERGENCIES INVOLVING A SPILL, LEAK, FIRE, EXPOSURE, OR ACCIDENT INVOLVING CHEMICALS"						
Hazard Class:	HMIS =		FIRE: 2 REA	CTIVITY: 0	P.P.E:	AMOND: ANSI B		
SECTION II - HAZARDOUS COMPONENTS								
INGREDIENT Non Hazardous Mineral Spirits Aromatic Hydroo Hydrogenated Hydrocarbon Re	Matl* carbon	CAS NO. Various 8052-41-3		OSHA PEL 100 ppm 300 r	_	OTHER LIMITS	RECOMM % <50 <40 <10 <5	
knowledge no lo Further detail on	nger appl contents	y as a hazard whe is confidential. Ar	en used in this for ny hazards are in		S.		ich to the best or our	
			SECTION III	-HAZARDS IDEN	TIFICATION			
		in Contact Inhal						
Inhalation:	A NIOSH approved mask is recommended if applying in a closed environment or without sufficient fresh air circul one that can result in high vapor concentrations. Breathing high concentrations may be harmful. Mist or vapors of irritate the throat and lungs. Breathing high concentrations may cause central nervous system depression with symptoms including nausea, headache, dizziness, fatigue, drowsiness, or unconsciousness. Breathing High concentrations of this material, in a close environment or by intentional abuse, can cause irregular heartbeats where cause death.				. Mist or vapors can depression with reathing High			
Eye Contact:		This product can cause transient mild eye irritation with short term contact with sprays or mists. Symptoms include stinging, watering, redness and swelling.						
Skin Contact:	This product can cause mild transient skin irritation with short term exposure. The degree of irritation will depend upon the amount of material that is applied to the skin and the speed and thoroughness that it is removed. Symptoms include redness, itching, and burning of the skin. Repeated of prolonged skin contact can produce moderate irritation (dermatitis).							
Ingestion:	If swallowed, this material may irritate the mucous membranes of the mouth, throat, and esophagus. It can be readily absorbed by the stomach and intestinal tract. Symptoms include a burning sensation of the mouth and esophagus, nausea, vomiting, dizziness, staggering gait, drowsiness, loss of consciousness, and delirium as well as additional central nervous system effects. There is a possibility of aspiration into the lungs during vomiting. Aspiration can result in severe lung damage or death.							
		onic effects of ingestion and subsequent aspiration into the lungs may cause pneumatocele (lung cavity) formation chronic lung dysfunction.						
	nervous	s system damage	(sometimes refe		" or Painters Syn		ith irreversible brain and al misuse by deliberately	
Conditions Aggravated by Exposure		Disorders of the following organs or organ systems that may be aggravated by significant exposure to this material or its components include: Skin, respiratory system, central nervous system.						

Page 2: Elasticote Target Organs May cause damage to the following organs: kidneys, lungs, liver, mucous membranes, upper respiratory tract, skin, central nervous system eye, lens, or cornea.

SECTION IV – FIRST AID MEASURES						
Inhalation	Move victim to fresh air. If victim is not breathing, immediately begin rescue breathing. If breathing is difficult, 100% humidified oxygen should be administered by a qualified individual. Seek medical attention immediately. Keep the affected person warm and at rest.					
Eye Contact	Check for remove contact lenses. Flush eyes with cool, clean, low pressure water for at least 15 minutes whi occasionally lifting and lowering eyelids. Do not use eye ointment unless directed by a physician. Seek medic attention.					
Skin contact	Remove contaminated shoes and clothing. Flush affected area with large amounts of water. If skin is damaged, apply clean dressing and seek medical attention. Do not use ointments. If skin is not damaged, clean affected are thoroughly with mild soap and water. Seek medical attention if tissue appears damaged or it pain or irritation persists.					
Ingestion	Do not induce vomiting. If spontaneous vomiting is about to occur, place victims head below knees. If victim is drowsy or unconscious, place on left side with head down. Never give anything by mouth to a person who is not fully conscious Do not leave victim unattended. Seek medical attention immediately.					
Note to	INHALATION: Inhalation overexposure can produce toxic effects. Monitor for respiratory distress. If difficulty in breathing develops, evaluate upper respirator tract for irritation and/or inflammation.					
	Avoid sympathomimetic drugs as this material (or its component) could sensitize the heart to the effects of sympathomimetic amines.					
	Ingestion: If ingested this material can present an aspiration and chemical pneumonitis hazard. Induction of emesis is not recommended. Consider activated charcoal and/or gastric lavage.					
	SECTION V – FIRE FIGHTING DATA					
NFPA Class II cc Flash Point Lower Flammabl Auto ignition Ten						
Hazardous Deco	omposition or Byproducts: Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, various hydrocarbon fragments.					
Extinguishing Me	edia Small Fires: Use dry chemicals, carbon dioxide, foam, water fog, or inert gas (nitrogen) Large Fires: Use foam, water fog or water spray. Water may be ineffective. Water may not extinguish the fir Water fog and spray are effective in cooling containers and adjacent structures. However, water can be use to cool the external walls of vessels to prevent excessive pressure, auto ignition or explosion. DO NOT use solid stream of water directly on the fire as the water may spread the fire to a larger area.					
	SECTION VI – ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES					
Combustible liqu	Lid Release can result in a fire hazard. Remove all non essential personnel and remove all ignition sources. Vapor suppressing foam may be used to reduce vapors. Dike ahead of spills and do not walk through spill Absorb or clean with non combustible materials and dispose of clean up debris and waster in proper was containers for appropriate disposal. Comply with all laws and regulations.					
	SECTION VII – HANDLING AND STORAGE					
Handling	A static electrical charge can accumulate when this material is flowing through pipe, nozzles and hoses. static spark can ignite accumulate vapors. Keep unused containers closed to prevent vapor buildup and insu all equipment is properly grounded.					
	Misuse of empty containers can be dangerous; they may contain residual material which can ignite. Do not c or weld empty containers. Do not expose empty containers to open flame, sparks or heat. Dispose of a empty containers in accordance with federal, state and local regulations.					

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Storage Store in a cool, dry well ventilated area. Keep containers tightly closed. Do not store or use product near high heat, flame or other potential ignition sources. Do not store this material in unlabeled containers. All electrical in the storage area must comply with NFPA' national electric code (NEC). SECTION VIII – EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION **Engineering Controls** Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep airborne concentrations of vapor below the workplace exposure limits listed below. All electrical should comply with National Electrical Code. Personal protective equipment should be used when working with this material in a typical outdoor work **Personal Protective** Equipment environment. Breathing - NIOSH approved breathing mask recommended if necessitated by situation. Eye Protection – Safety glasses with side shield are recommended as minimum protection. Hand Protection – Avoid skin contact, use rubber gloves constructed of a chemical resistant material and wash hands with soap and water before eating or drinking. Do not use gasoline or kerosene to wash hands. Mild industrial hand cleaners may be used Body Protection - Avoid skin contact, change contaminated clothing immediately. General Comments - Be sure to use this product in a well ventilated area as vapors can build up in unventilated areas to hazardous levels and become a combustible hazard. Occupational Exposure Guidelines: Petroleum hydrocarbon distillates: ACGIH TLV (United States) TWA 100 ppm 8 hour) s) SECTION IX – PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES Boiling Point: 152-199°C (305-390° F.) Solvent Vapor Pressure (mm Hg): Less than 10 mmHg (solvent) Melting Point: Specific Gravity ($H_2O = 1$): 1.05 N/D Solubility in Water: Insoluble Appearance and Odor: Thixotropic liquid, mild odor. Vapor Density (AIR = 1): Approx. 4.8 (solvent) Evaporation Rate: N/D SECTION X – STABILITY AND REACTIVITY Hazardous Polymerization: will not occur Chemical Stability: Stable Conditions to avoid: Keep away from heat, flame and other potential ignition sources. Keep away from strong oxidizing conditions and agents. Strong acids, alkalies, and oxidizers such as liquid chlorine, other halogens, hydrogen peroxide and oxygen. Material Incompatibility Hazardous Decomposition No additional hazardous decomposition products were identified other than the combustion products listed in Products section 5 of this MSDS. _____ SECTION XI – TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION _____ For other health related information, refer to the Emergency overview on Page 1 and the Hazards Identification in Section 3 of this MSDS Toxicity Petroleum Hydrocarbon distillates Data Dermal, Acute LD50 (rabbit) : >3000mg/kg Inhalation, Acute LD50 (rat) : >5.5mg/l (8 hours) Studies on laboratory animals have associated similar materials with eye and respiratory tract irritations and have been shown to cause skin irritation after repeated or prolonged contact. This has been noted as defatting dermatitis and kidney damage in laboratory animals.

	SECTION XII – ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION				
Ecotoxicity	This mixture contains components that are potentially toxic to freshwater and saltwater ecosystems				
Fate	This material will not normally float on water. Components will evaporate rapidly and a film of evaporating solvent may form. This material may be harmful to aquatic organisms and may cause long term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.				
	SECTION XIII- DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS				
to determine the p material to be class	local and state agencies to determine proper disposal of unused or unwanted product. It is the responsibility of the user proper transportation and disposal for unused material. Conditions of this product may change which could cause this stified as hazardous at the time of disposal. All waste must be conducted in accordance with RCRA regulations. EPA office for assistance.				
	SECTION XIV – TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION				
	cription below may not represent requirements for all modes of transportation and shipping methods or locations outside This is shipping information for shipments made via Cargo ships only. All material shipped via Truck in the U.S. Is azardous				
US DOT STATUS	Non hazardous, Combustible Liquid				
	SECTION XV – REGULATORY INFORMATION				
TSCA Inventory	This product and/or its components are listed on the Toxic Substance Control Act (TSCA) inventory.				
Clean Water Act	Components of this material is classified as an oil under section 311 of the Clean Water Act (CWA) and the Oil Pollution Act of 1990 (OPA). Discharge or spills which produce a visible sheen on waters of the United States must be reported to the EPA's National response center at (800) 424-8802.				
Additional Regulat Remarks	tory Federal Hazardous Substances Act, related statutes, and Consumer Product Safety Commission regulations, as defined by 16 CFR 1500.14(b)(3) and 1500.83(a)(13): This product contains "Petroleum Distillates" which may require special labeling if distributed in a form suitable for use in a household or by children and should display the following: Danger: Contains Petroleum Distillates! Harmful or fatal if swallowed! Call Physician immediately. KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN!				
	SECTION XVI – OTHER INFORMATION				

Refer to top of page 1 for the HMIS and NFPA Hazard Ratings for this product.

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Disclaimer of Liability

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The conditions or methods of handling, storage, use, and disposal of the product are beyond our control and may be beyond our knowledge, for this and other reasons we do not assume responsibility and expressly disclaim liability for loss, damage or expense arising out of or in any way connected with handling, storage or disposal of the product.